

# [National Symposium of Environmental and life Science]

## Paper template

Authors for presentation as an oral paper are expected to submit a full paper (2-4 pages) to be included in the Symposium Proceedings. Simply use this template for your paper and then overtype the relevant sections – please use the styles provided otherwise it will be difficult to publish your paper. Keep your paper, tables, figures and photographs within the margins set within this template.

The paper should be submitted through the mentioned email by 15<sup>th</sup> –Dec-2022

### Title

First author surname, First author initials<sup>\*</sup>; subsequent author(s) surname(s), subsequent author(s) initials<sup>†</sup>.

\* First author affiliation; † Subsequent author affiliation...

**Key words:** [three to five key words; separated by semicolons]

### Abstract

[Maximum 300 words]

### Introduction

[Text should be single spaced, Times New Roman font, 11pt.

The introduction should be brief but contain sufficient information reviewing important and current areas, justification and objectives of the study.]

### Methods and Study Site

[This section should contain sufficient details to enable replication of the procedures. Previously established procedures should only be referenced rather than described in the paper.]

### Results

*[Second Level Heading if Necessary]*

[The results should be appropriately detailed. Tables, figures and photographs should be used only when they add value to the narrative and not duplicate them. They should stand alone with captions that are self-explanatory without reading the narratives. The narratives should avoid repeating what is presented in the tables, figures and photographs.]

*[Second Level Heading if Necessary]*

### Discussion [Conclusions/Implications]

[Should discuss the main contribution to knowledge and adequately cover related published information. Conclusions should not restate results but indicate inferences from the results. Where necessary, the implications of the finding(s) should be clearly stated.]

### Acknowledgements

[Individuals or organizations which contributed financial, technical, editorial or other support should be acknowledged.]

### References

[In the text, references should only contain the surname and the year of publication of the refereed articles: e.g.: (Jones 2010) or (Jones and Smith 2017). When more than two authors are involved the first author

followed by “et al.” should be used: e.g., (Brown et al. 2016). For the listing of cited references, use 10 pt. font. References should be arranged in alphabetical order at the end of the paper and be detailed as follows:]

[Articles]

Cronin, P., Ryan, F. and Coughlan, M. 2008. Undertaking a literature review: a step-by-step approach. *Br. J. Nurs.*, 17: 38-43.

Fekadou, S.G., Gachuri, C.K., Wanyoike, M.M. and Wahome, R.G. 2004. Effect of mineral supplementation on milk yield and calf growth of camels in Marsabit district of Kenya. *J. Camel Pract. Res.*, 11(2): 87-96.

[Books]

Greenway, J. 2003. *Fungi in ecosystem processes*. Marcel Dekker, New York.

Hulsebusch, C.G. and Kaufmann, B.A. 2002. *Camel breeds and breeding in Northern Kenya*. Kenya Agricultural Research Institute, Nairobi.

[Chapter in Book]

Partridge, L. and French, V. 1996. Thermal evolution of ectotherm body size: why get big in the cold? In: Johnston, I.A. and Bennett, A.F. (eds.). *Animals and temperature: phenotypic and evolutionary adaptation*. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, pp. 265-292.

Wango, J., and Farah, Z. 2004. Methods for quality control. In: *Milk and meat from the camel*. Z. Farah and A. Fisher (eds). Vdf Hochschulverlag AG publ., Zurich, pp 51-65.